

# DIDSBURY PIONEER

VOL. XIII

DIDSBURY, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, JULY 14th, 1915

No. 28



## Read This

It is of Importance to you

Next Sat'day and Monday

JULY 17th and 19th

We will have a special rack of : : : **Men's Suits displayed**

The regular prices range from \$10.00 to \$25.00 We are going to cut the price in two. You may have your choice of any suit sizes from 35 to 44. All going at

**HALF PRICE**

This perhaps looks to you like a printer's error or the work of a demented mind, but true are they. If you appreciate a good thing when you see it you will come in and carry off some of these snaps. Please remember this sale is for two days only.

**J. V. BERSCHT**  
THE CLOTHIER

Watch for our

## BIG SALE OF FURNITURE

Commencing July 15th

Everything goes at very low prices

See our Window Display in West Store, Leuszler Block

Just received a shipment of

8 inch Wood Sheaves

Hay Fork Pulleys; Wire Rope  
Hay Rack Fixtures and Forks

Our Stock is Complete and Prices Extremely Low

**Rumball & Hyndman**

## Postponed Auction Sale

Mrs. E. H. McAllister's Sale of  
Farm Stock has been postponed  
until

**Thursday, July 22nd**

on account of wet weather.

**J. N. PATON, Auctioneer**

## Strikes Tax Rate

The Town Council met on Monday night in the Council Chambers, Mayor Osmond, Councillors Reed, Sinclair, Herber, Paton, Secretary Brusso and Solicitor Austin present. A few small bills were ordered paid.

The Council then settled down to wrestling with the estimates to strike the tax rate for the year, and they were a tired bunch when they got through at nearly 12 o'clock.

Estimates for the year were presented from each committee and discussed by the Council, and were as follows:

Finance Committee—\$2,000.00.  
Public Works Committee—\$2,000.00. This includes estimates for cement sidewalk on Railway Ave.

Debtures—\$2,692.63.  
Sanitation and Poor Relief Committee—\$1,040.00.

Police and License Committee—\$480.00

Fire and Property Committee—\$125.00.

School Board—\$8,000.00  
The Tax rate worked out as follows:

School rate.....30 mills  
Debtenture rate....13 mills  
General rate.....22 mills

**Total.....65 mills**

Rural school rate...8 mills  
The business tax and sundries will bring in \$1,600 which is outside the tax rate.

A bylaw fixing the tax rate at 65 mills was then given three readings and passed.

The Council then adjourned.

(NOTE—The above report of the Council meeting gives a full statement of how much money the town has to raise this year and the tax rate struck to meet this amount. Each Committee did its best to keep down their expenditures for the year, but when it is considered that the School Board are asking for five mills more than last year because of their being forced to provide extra school facilities, and that the whole cost of the big cement sidewalk on Railway Ave. is being taken into this year's estimates the rate is lower than last year. It would have been still lower by quite a few mills if the added expenditure for school purpose and the cement sidewalk could have been cut out. Last year's general rate was 36 mills against 22 mills this year. Last years school rate was 25 mills against 30 mills this year. The debtenture rate was 9 mills last year and 13 mills this year, the difference being caused by the \$8,000 debtenture passed last year, the first payment being made this year.—Editor.)

## Those Who Are Entitled To Vote

All male persons of the full age of twenty-one years who are British subjects by birth or naturalization, who are not Indians and who have resided in Alberta for at least one year and in the electoral division in which they seek to vote for at least three months immediately preceding the date of the issue of the writ of election and who are not disqualified under any of the provisions of the Act.

## Westcott Sports Great Success

Fine weather until evening, big crowds and an excellent programme were the events that helped to make the Westcott Sports Day the biggest success that Westcott has ever had. All events were run off according to schedule except the baseball games which were to have been played in the evening but which had to be put off on account of the storm.

The Rugby Women's Institute and the Didsbury Boy Scouts had booths and looked after the inner wants of Westcott guests and their arrangements were very satisfactory.

The first event on the programme was the address by Rev. Bacon Hillocks, M.L.A., Calgary, which was greatly appreciated. Mr. Hillocks, who is a fluent and eloquent speaker, certainly handled his subject in a masterly manner, and those who heard him enjoyed his address greatly.

The winners of the different athletic events were as follows:

100 yards open—1st J. Robertson; and B. Reed. Time 11 seconds.

Running broad jump—1st J. Robertson; and E. Barnes. Distance 20 feet 7 ins.

High Jump—1st N. Tuggle; and J. Robertson. Height 4 feet 10 inches. 1/4 mile open—1st E. Barnes; and B. Reed.

3-legged race—1st R. Wilson, J. Robertson; and B. Reed.—Haven.

There was a good exhibition of horse racing and the events were well contested.

The event that was the cause of much merriment and excitement was the Tug-of War between Westcott and Cremona teams for the Silver Cup. This was the hardest contest ever pulled off at Westcott, the teams pulled for 42 minutes before a decision was made but finally the Westcott seven pulled the Cremona team over the line and consequently won the pull for the Silver Cup. It was some trial of strength and the teams were well matched. The Westcott Tug-of-War team and the people of Westcott generally honor the Cremona team for their great work and appreciate Cremona's efforts in helping to make the day a success.

The Westcott-Cremona band were present and rendered some excellent music, quite a lot of it being patriotic numbers.

The attendance was exceedingly good, there were 800 people present, a large number coming out from Didsbury.

## The All American Girls Baseball Club Coming

Manager J. Pirie of the local team has arranged a contract for a return game with the all American girls baseball club, for Monday, July 19th, at 6.30 p.m. This classy team of girls will be remembered from last year, when they won from the boys 5 to 4. "Jim" is out for revenge and says even though the girls are stronger this year he is going to send a line-up that will surely win. The girls are stronger this year as they carry 3 lady pitchers instead of one that they had last season. Miss May Fay, the lady spit ball pitcher is a great attraction. Misses St. Clair and Maud Nelson are the others. This promises to be the best game of the season as last year proved to be. Everybody should see this game on Monday night.

## Red Cross Fund

Previously Acknowledged.... \$ 10.00

## Patriotic Fund

Previously Acknowledged.... \$ 17.25

Westward Ho School. per  
Miss V. Hunsperger.... \$4.20  
\$21.45

## Belgian Relief

Previously acknowledged.... \$103.75

A parcel of clothing from Mrs. W. H. Stark for the Belgians is gratefully acknowledged.

## TENDERS WANTED

To plaster the inside of a store; straight wall and ceiling. Tenders to be in by July 17th, 1915. For particulars apply to W. S. DUNN.

## BUSINESS LOCALS

### 5C A LINE IN ADVANCE IN THIS COLUMN

**GOOD RHUBARB** for canning, for sale at 6 lbs. for 25c, or 30 lbs. for \$1.00; also have onions, radishes and lettuce for sale. Mrs. W. F. Slick.

Men's Slicker Coats and Pants, going at 75c each. J. V. Berscht.

**SHORTHORN BULL** for sale, 3 years old. In first class condition. Apply to O. Koksik, Bergen. j14p

**FOUND**—A child's red coat on road from Olds to Didsbury. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this notice. Apply Pioneer Office, Didsbury.

**MECKLENBURG**, the reliable, experienced and qualified sight specialist will be again at Didsbury on July 27th; Olds, July 28th and Carstairs, July 28th. Do not fail to see him about your eyes.

**DON'T FORGET** that the McClaine-Wrigglesworth Co., are agents for the Winnipeg Oil Co. We will sell you anything in oils and greases for machines or automobiles. Try a barrel of our gasoline in your engine or auto. You will return for the second barrel.

**FOR SALE**—One set double driving harness, new; set double driving harness second hand; cook stove; heater; a large quantity of No. 1 poles. J. V. Berscht.

**WANTED**—1-2 section of hay to put up by ton. Apply to T. E. Reynolds, Didsbury. j14p

**PARKER R. REED** wants to do your Hail Insurance. Best companies, best rates. Prompt settlement in case of loss, also Fire, Life, and Live Stock Insurance.

**WANTED** by man and wife position to take charge of farm or ranch, experienced. Apply Pioneer Office.

**LUMBER** for sale at \$11.50 per 1000. About 10,000 feet mostly boards. Apply to Johnson & Co., Eagle Hill.

**FOR SALE**—Dimension lumber roughly about 5,000 feet, or will exchange for anything you have. Herb. Fisher, phone 1915.

**FOR SALE**—Red Shorthorn bull, 1 1/2 years old. Apply to Ab. Snyder, Didsbury. j14p

## UNION BANK OF CANADA

**A Valuable Feature of a Joint Account**

opened with the Union Bank of Canada in the names of two persons, is that if one dies the family funds are not tied up just when they are likely to be most needed. The survivor can withdraw the money without delay or formality.

Think it over—then open a Joint Account.

DIDSBURY BRANCH  
T. W. Cuncannon, Manager  
Carstairs Branch—W. A. Stewart, Mgr.



# CHEW "GOOD LUCK" TOBACCO

A GOOD CHEW IN A CLEAN WRAPPER.

10 CENTS PER PLUG

## The Mystery of the Ravenspurs

By Fred M. White

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited  
London, Melbourne and Toronto

(Continued)

The quick blood came flashing to Geoffrey's face. He had never seen Vera hard and cold like this before. It was a woman and not a girl who was speaking now. Geoffrey resented the questions; they came as a teacher addresses a child.

"I cannot tell you," he said. "It has to do with the family secret."

"And you expect me to believe this, Geoffrey?"

"Of course I do," Geoffrey cried. "Did you ever know me to tell you a lie? And, after all the years we have been together, you are going to be jealous of the first woman who comes along. Have I been mistaken in you, Vera?"

The girl's beautiful eyes filled with tears. She had been sorely vexed and hurt, far more hurt than she cared Geoffrey to know. For it seemed to her that he had wilfully deceived her, that he was going to see this creature of whom he was secretly ashamed, that he had lied so that he could seek her company without suspicion in the minds of others.

"If you give me your word of honor," Vera faltered, "that you—"

"No, no," Geoffrey cried. "I merely state the facts and you may believe them or not as you please. Who Mrs. May is I decline to say. How I became acquainted with her I also decline to explain. Suffice it that she is Mrs. May, and that she has rooms at Jessop's farm."

"And that is all you are going to tell me, Geoffrey?"

"Yes, Vera. If you have lost your faith in me—"

"Oh, no, no. Don't say such cruel things, Geoff. Whom have I beyond my parents and you in the whole world? And when I found that letter, when I knew what you said about Alton—was not true—"

She paused unable to proceed. Her little hands went out imploringly and Geoffrey caught them in his own. He drew her to his side and gazed into her eyes.

"Darling," he whispered, "you know that I love you?"

"Yes, dear, it was foolish of me to doubt it."

"I love you now and always. I can never change. I did not intend to tell you about this woman because it was all part of the secret. The wise man among us has said it, and his word is law. I am speaking of Uncle Ralph."

Vera nodded with a brighter glance. Had not she a secret in common with Ralph?

"Say no more," she whispered. "I am ashamed of myself."

Geoffrey kissed the quivering red lips passionately.

"Spoken like your own, Vera," he said. "Now I will give you my word of honor."

"No, no. It is not necessary, Geoff. I was foolish. I might have known better. Not another thought will I give to Mrs. Mona May."

Vera spoke in all sincerity. But our thoughts are often our masters and they were so in this case. Mona May was a name graven on Vera's mind, and the time was coming when with fervent gratitude she blessed the hour when she had found that letter.

### CHAPTER XX.

#### A Fascinating Woman

Mrs. Jessop's simple parlour had been transformed beyond recognition. The fine Chippendale furniture had been brought forward; the gaudy settees and sofas had been covered with fine, Eastern silks and tapestries. A pair of old Dresden candlesticks stood on the table, and under pink shades the candles cast a glamour of subdued light upon damask and silver and china.

As Geoffrey was ushered in, Mrs. May came forward. She was dressed entirely in black, her wonderfully fine arms and shoulders gleamed dazzling almost as the diamonds that were as frosty stars in the glorious night of her hair. One great red bloom of some flower unknown to Geoffrey was in her breast. As to the rest, the flowers were all scarlet. The effect was slightly dazzling.

Mrs. May came forward with a smile.

"So you have managed to elude the Phillistines," she said. "Ah, I guessed that you would say nothing to your friends about our little dinner."

## Sore Eyes

**Granulated Eyelids.** Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by **Marine Eye Remedy**. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. **Marine Eye Salve** in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free Ask Druggist or **Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago**

W. N. U. 1057

There was an eager note in the words that conveyed a half question. Geoffrey smiled.

"May I venture to suggest that the knowledge is not displeasing to you?" he said.

"Well, I admit it. In the circumstances to explain would have been a bore. Your people cannot call on me and, being old-fashioned; they might not care for you to come here alone. Therefore, being a man of the world, you told them nothing about it."

Geoffrey smiled, as he took the proffered cigarette. Had he not been warned against this woman by Ralph, her subtle flattery would have put him off his guard. It is always so sweet and soothing for a youngster to be taken for a man of the world.

"You have guessed it all," he said. "My grandfather is grand seigneur. He has no toleration for anything that is not en regle. What an exquisite cigarette!"

Mrs. May nodded. They were excellent cigarettes, as also was the liquor she insisted upon pouring out for Geoffrey with her own hands. He had never tasted anything like it before.

And the dinner when it came was a perfect little poem in its way. Not a flask of wine on the table that had not a history. Long before the meal was over Geoffrey found himself forgetting his caution.

Not that Geoffrey had anything to be afraid of. He knew that in some way this woman was connected with the tragedy of his race; for all that he knew to the contrary, she might be the spirit directing the tragedies.

She was his enemy, though she smiled upon him with a dazzling fascination calculated to turn cooler heads than his. But, at any rate, she had not asked him here to poison him at her own table. Mrs. Mona May was too fine an artist for that.

Presently Geoffrey came out of his dream to find himself talking. Mrs. May seemed to be putting all the questions and he was giving all the answers. And yet, directly, she asked no questions at all. She was sympathetic and interested in the family, as she explained with kindness and feeling.

"And there is that poor blind gentleman," she said sweetly.

Her eyes were bent over her dessert plate. She was peeling a peach daintily. There was just for the fraction of a second a ring in her voice that acted on Geoffrey as a cold douche does to a man whose senses are blurred with liquor. Some instinct told him they were approaching the crux of the interview.

"My uncle Ralph," he said carelessly. "He is a mystery. Sometimes I fancy he is a clever man, who despises us, and at other times I regard him as a man whose misfortunes have dulled his brain and that he strives to conceal the fact."

Mrs. May smiled. But she returned to the charge again. But strive as she would, she could get no more on this head out of Geoffrey. She wanted to know who the man was and all about him. And she learnt nothing beyond the fact that he was a poor nonentity, despised by his relations. Geoffrey's open sincerity puzzled her. Perhaps there was nothing to learn after all.

"Strange that he did not stay away," she murmured, "knowing that the family curse must overtake him."

Geoffrey shrugged his shoulders carelessly.

"What can an unfortunate like that have to live for?" he asked. "He is broken in mind and in body and has no money of his own. It is just like the old fox who crawls to the hole to die. And we are getting used to the curse by this time."

"You have no hope, no expectation of the truth coming to light?"

It was on the tip of Geoffrey's tongue to speak freely of his hopes for the future. Instead he bent his head over the table, saying nothing till he felt he had full control of his voice once more. Then he spoke in the same hopeless tones.

"I have become a fatalist," he said. "Please change the subject."

Mrs. May did so discreetly and easily. And yet in a few moments the doings of the Ravenspurs were on her tongue again, almost unconsciously. Geoffrey found himself talking about Marion, Mrs. May listening quietly.

"I have seen the young lady," she said. "She has a nice face."

"Marion is an angel," Geoffrey cried. "Her face is perfect. You have only to look at her to see what she is. Nobody with a countenance like that could do wrong, even if she wished it. No matter who and what it is everybody comes under Marion's sway. Men, women, children, dogs, all turn to her with the same implicit confidence."

"Marion seems to be a warm favorite," Mrs. May smiled. "And yet I gather that she does not hold first place in your affections?"

"I am engaged to my cousin Vera," Geoffrey explained. "We were boy and girl lovers before Marion came to us. Otherwise—well, we need not go into that. But I never saw any one like Marion till tonight."

Mrs. May looked up swiftly. "What do you mean by that?" she asked.

"I mean exactly what I say. In certain ways, in certain lights, under certain conditions your face is marvellously like that of Marion."

As Geoffrey spoke he saw that the blood had left the cheek of his companion. Her face was deadly pale, so pale that the crimson flower in her breast seemed to grow more vivid. There was a motion of the elbow and a wine glass went crashing to the floor. The woman stooped to raise the fragments.

"How clumsy of me," she said. "And why are you regarding me so intently? My heart is a little wrong, the doctors tell me—nothing serious, however. There!"

She looked up again. She had recovered and her face was tinged with the red flush of health again. But her hands still shook.

But Geoffrey was taking no heed. (To be Continued)

## NEW RUPTURE CURE

DON'T WEAR A TRUSS.



Brooks' Appliance. New discovery. Wonderful. No dangerous sprains or strains. Automatic Air Cushions. Binds and draws the broken parts together as you would a broken limb. No stitches. No pain. No loss. Durable. Cheap. Sent on trial to prove it. Full information and booklet FREE. C. E. BROOKS, 2063 State St., Marshall, Mich.

### A Good System

C. P. R. Invites Suggestions From Employees, With Good Results

The recent circular issued to employees of the C. P. R. asking for suggestions on the improvement of the service has certainly "struck oil," for suggestions have poured in until the committee which investigated these has at times been almost snowed under. However, each idea has received careful and individual attention, being referred to the heads of the departments concerned, and adopted or otherwise according to its merits or practicability. Some ideas have been adopted and those who suggested them have so much to their credit. Indeed promotion has already followed in several instances and in others promotion is coming whenever the opportunity offers. In so complex an organization as a railway, there are many angles or points of view. Some minds untrammelled by routine sees an opening for improvement where the man on the actual job goes by precedent. An operating official whose work compels him to travel may have pointers on the treatment of passengers which he gains by personal experience. Ideas from other countries may be adapted to Canadian conditions, and may be suggested by a clerk who has immigrated from Europe or the United States. It is a good thing that there should be a melting pot for the ideas of the C. P. R.'s hundred thousand employees.

### Effects of War

Of brave deeds done upon the battlefield, amid the thunder of cannon, the cries of wounded and dying, of heroes of the V.C., and great generals who rose from small beginnings, the teacher told her class, firing them with enthusiasm for their Mother Country.

"Please, miss," cried one little girl excitedly, "my father was in the Boer war."

"And did he fight in any of the battles?" inquired the mistress.

"Oh, yes," answered the little maid. "I was at Graspan, an' Modder River, an' Parysburg, an'—"

"And was he wounded in any of them?" pursued the teacher.

The little girl's face fell.

"No, miss, he wasn't wounded," she replied. "But, please, miss, he 'ad a awful 'eadache."

### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honest in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### The Kaiser's Name

Teacher—Yes, the ruler of Russia is called the Czar. Now, what is the ruler of Germany called?

Young Bill—Please, miss, I know what me father called him, but I don't like to tell you.—London Daily Mail.

### Must Have Milk For Baby

An Austrian baby, which had been deserted by its parents, has been adopted by a Russian regiment.

The baby is looked after by a gigantic Tchuvash soldier from the Volga, who on the strength of residence in the United States, professes to be an expert nurse.

Hearing that milk was to be had in the enemy's camp, the Tchuvash made an excursion there at midnight.

The Austrians shot him through the fleshy part of the leg and took him prisoner; but on learning what his mission was they gave him milk and then sent him back.

The baby is called after the Grand Duke, Commander-in-chief.

**Pills That Have Benefited Thousands.**—Known far and near as a sure remedy in the treatment of indigestion and all derangements of the stomach, liver and kidneys, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills have brought relief to thousands when other specifics have failed. Innumerable testimonials can be produced to establish the truth of this assertion. Once tried they will be found superior to all other pills in the treatment of the ailments for which they are prescribed.

A London teacher asked her class to write an essay on the metropolis. Later she was surprised to read the following in one attempt:

"The people of London are noted for their stupidity."

The young author was asked how he got the idea.

"Please, miss," was the reply. "It says in the text book, the population of London is very dense!"

Prisoner—They say, Time waits for no man!

Judge (passing sentence)—Quite a mistake. There's three months waiting for you!

### G.T.P. Changes

Advices received at the Grand Trunk Pacific railway headquarters announce as acting superintendent of E. Brooks as acting superintendent of motive power with headquarters at Transcona, vice Mr. J. Billingham, resigned. It is also announced that the jurisdiction of Mr. W. C. C. Mehan, general superintendent of Grand Trunk Pacific lines west of Prince George, has been extended to include the territory between Prince George and Edmonton.

### Barnyard Society

"Well, dear me," chirped the young lady just out of finishing school. "What is it?"

"Here is an old len chaperoning a whole seminary of chickens."

**WEAR FLEET FOOT**  
Shoes for every Sport and Recreation  
Sold by all Good Shoe Dealers



## MACHINES NEED CARE

CARE means oil—good oil and plenty of it. The farm lubricants manufactured by The Imperial Oil Company have been proved absolutely reliable by years of use in the hands of farmers throughout the Northwest.

### CAPITOL CYLINDER OIL

manufactured expressly for use on steam tractors and stationary steam engines, gives maximum lubrication.

Standard Gas Engine Oil is adapted to all types of internal combustion engines, including both gasoline and oil burning tractors.

Prairie Harvester Oil, a general utility oil for farm machinery.

Thresher Hard Oil, a high grade cup grease for use on separators and other farm machinery.

Eldorado Castor Oil, a heavy oil for farm machinery, especially adapted for loose-fitting and worn bearings.

Arctic Cup Grease, made in seven grades to meet varying conditions.

Ask for our lubricants in steel barrels equipped with faucets—the clean, economical method of handling oils on the farm.

Branch Stations Throughout the Dominion

**THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY Limited**

Made In Canada

### He Gave It up

An English "Tommy," while stationed in a Flemish village, wanted to buy a toothbrush. Being unable to speak either French or Flemish, he could not manage to make the people understand what he wanted. After several unsuccessful attempts, he hit on a brilliant idea, and, entering a little shop, he proceeded to imitate the action of brushing his teeth.

At first the old dame shook her head, then her face suddenly lit up with a smile. Placing a ladder against the wall, she searched for several minutes in some cardboard boxes on a top shelf. She at last found what she wanted, and triumphantly handed him not a toothbrush, but a Jew's harp. Tit-Bits.

### Hauling Stuff to Market

It is reasonable prophesy that within the next ten years most of the large cities will be supplied to a great extent with products from the surrounding country hauled in by motor-driven trains over splendid highways. This is already the case in London and Paris, and the cost of hauling has been reduced in such cases to as low as four cents per ton per mile.

Each little truck farm in the neighborhood of London has its car, which is filled during the night with products intended for market. Early next morning a powerful tractor picks up these individual cars from each farm and delivers the produce at market, returning with such supplies as the farmers need from town.—Leslie's.

# COCKSHUTT PLOWS

Give Best Service

See the Agent



# The Next Event

THE

## DIDSBURY FAIR

THURSDAY & FRIDAY

August 12th & 13th

BIG PRIZES NEW CLASSES

See the new classes for  
Boys and Girls in this  
year's Prize List : : :

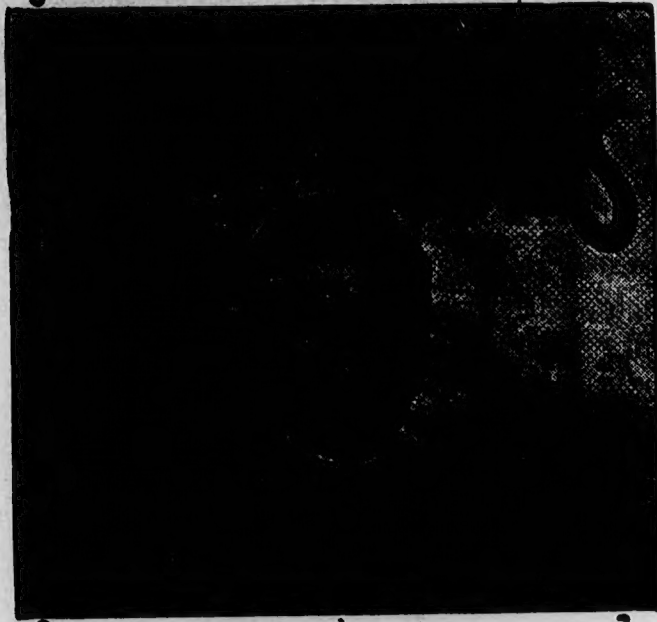
Make your entries early  
and avoid mistakes

Don't forget the date, August 12th and 13th

Parker R. Reed, Sec'tary

W. HARDY, PRESIDENT

W. C. T. U. COLUMN



### Price for Cream

My purchase price for Cream  
is as follows:

Sweet Cream 26c per lb. Butterfat  
No. 1 sour " 24c per lb. Butterfat

I expect in the course of a short  
time to be able to advance these  
prices.

CLOVERHILL CREAMERY  
R. LeBLANC, Prop.

### NOTICE

### WELL DRILLING

Having hought W. Archer's well  
drill we are now prepared for drill-  
ing wells with experienced opera-  
tors. : : :

Come and see us or phone R613  
HUBER & ROSENBERGER  
DIDSBURY -10:- ALTA.

### Card of Thanks

Through the columns of the Pioneer  
we wish to return our heartfelt thanks  
to the many friends and neighbors who  
so kindly assisted us and showed their  
sincere sympathy to us during the  
death of our beloved one who has gone  
before us as a magnet in Heaven.  
Also thanks for many flowers and  
wreaths. Our sincere wish is "May you  
all be spared from such sorrows as is  
ours."

MR. AND MRS. CONRAD LIESEMER

### Card of Thanks

The Rugby Women's Institute wish  
to thank all those who so generously  
donated supplies on Westcott Sports  
Day, also those who assisted them in  
any other way. Proceeds for the day  
amounted to \$85.00 and after expenses  
have been deducted the remainder  
will be handed over to the Red Cross  
Society. RUGBY WOMEN'S INSTITUTE

### LOST

Clydesdale mare, bay, four white legs  
and white face. Should have foal at  
side. Anyone returning or giving infor-  
mation of her to JAMES NELSON, Big  
Prairie, will be rewarded.

## The DIDSBURY PIONEER

Published at Didsbury, Alta.

SUBSCRIPTION: One Dollar per year in advance. All arrearsages of six  
months or more will be at the rate of \$1.50 per year. To U. S. \$1.50 per year.  
Advertising rates quoted on application. H. E. OSMOND, Proprietor.

THE record of the deeds of the Sailors and Soldiers of the Empire dur-  
ing the present war, has aroused in us all a just pride and admira-  
tion of their courage and endurance, sorrow at their sufferings and hard-  
ships, and also heartfelt sympathy for the friends and relations of those  
who have been wounded or have given their lives for our security and  
freedom. We all feel that they have nobly played their part and fully  
deserve our unstinted gratitude and praise. We, who have stayed at  
home, and taken no place in the battle line, have also a part to play and  
a duty to perform which may be set forth in a few words. First of all to  
honour the dead, then to succor the sick and the wounded, and lastly to  
care for those who are, by reason of wounds or disease, rendered incapable  
of earning their daily bread. Nor is this all, for those who were depend-  
ent on them in times of peace—the mother, the widowed wife and the  
orphan children—can justly claim their share of our gratitude and help,  
and not in vain. Much has already been done in these directions by the  
people of Canada through the Patriotic League and Red Cross Society and  
we cannot fear that the springs of generosity will dry up before we have  
fulfilled our duty. The recent list of casualties, more especially of the  
Canadian Expeditionary Force, clearly indicate to those who administer  
the funds and supplies of the Red Cross Society, that the available re-  
sources at present in hand will speedily disappear, and can only be main-  
tained in the future by a steady flow both of money and supplies: and  
not by spasmodic appeals made too late to be really effective. To secure  
the supply of funds so much needed, there seems to be only one way,  
namely, that EVERY ONE should be called upon to practice some self-denial,  
and set aside a monthly contribution of money or material as may be  
required. It is estimated that if each head of a family throughout the  
Dominion contributed but five cents a month during the duration of the  
war, sufficient money for all purposes would be obtained, and few are  
too poor to be unable to do so.

### A Letter From Rev. J. S. Ferguson

The following letter has been sent  
to us by Rev. J. S. Ferguson, of  
North Bay, Ont., who it will be re-  
membered by the old-timers was in  
charge of the Presbyterian church  
in Didsbury in the very early days  
of our history:

NORTH BAY, ONT., JULY 6, 1915

DEAR MR. OSMOND:

Would you kindly give a little  
space for a word to my friends of  
the early days. I might remind you  
that my first mission field in Al-  
berta extended from Calgary to Dids-  
bury and east and west as far as  
bachelors made flapjacks.

On the 21st of July you have one  
of the greatest opportunities that  
can come to patriots,—the chance of  
removing the greatest curse from  
your land. I am proud of Alberta  
that she stands so far forward. Many  
a time I have longed to be with you  
in this fight but while this could not  
be I have done what lay within my  
power. Last spring I had the plea-  
sure of drafting a resolution for our  
Home Mission Board, instructing  
every Presbyterian missionary sent  
to Alberta to give his best wisdom  
and his concentrated energies to the  
campaign for Prohibition. For a  
number of years I have given spe-  
cial study to this problem, and have  
been much in the fight, and am  
most profoundly convinced that the  
only way to deal with this hideous  
curse is to utterly abolish it. For  
a people to take the grain God so  
wondrously prepares for food, and  
convert it into a deadly habit form-  
ing drug that produces untold misery  
is a sin sufficiently great to wreck  
a nation.

The eyes of the world are on you;  
we are offering prayers for your suc-  
cess and many a wife and mother  
and child—yes and thousands of  
victims are waiting with beating  
heart for July the 21st, Alberta's  
day of Freedom.

Your foe is powerful and crafty,  
and will stop at nothing, so I would  
urge you in the name of God and  
country to take no rest until every  
possible vote is cast for Prohibition.

Yours in the fight,  
from the bottom of my heart,  
J. S. FERGUSON

### Westerdale Muni- cipality No. 311

Minutes of the meeting the Coun-  
cil held at Westerdale on June 26th,  
1915.

The Council was called to order  
by Reeve Clarke with all the mem-  
bers of the Council present.

The minutes of last meeting were  
read and on motion by Councillor  
Haynes they were adopted as read.

Moved by Councillor Brown that  
the payment of \$10.35 by T. Ron-  
naborg on tax on the N. E. of 17-  
33-3-5 in 1913 be changed to the N.  
E. of 7-33-3-5 and that the balance  
of \$1.32 be refunded to T. Ronno-  
borg. Carried.

On motion the following accounts  
were passed and ordered paid: C.  
D. Carver, for amounts paid out by  
him for gopher bounty \$77.69; N.  
S. Clarke, for amounts paid out by  
him for gopher bounty \$122.38; G.  
Haynes, for amount paid out for  
gopher bounty \$12.35; T. E. Elliott  
for repairs \$4.25; H. Raith, for  
delivering culvert \$8.00; Massey-  
Harris Co., for pair plow handles  
\$3.25; H. S. Patterson, solicitor,  
fees re tax enforcement proceedings,  
\$5.00

Moved by Councillor Haynes that  
the Council of the Rural Municipality  
of Westerdale No. 311 place  
themselves on record as being in  
full sympathy with the liquor act  
which is to be voted on on July 21st,  
1915, in the Province of Alberta.  
Carried unanimously.

Moved by Councillor Carver that  
G. Haynes be appointed Deputy-  
Reeve for the balance of the year  
1915. Carried.

Moved by Councillor Brown that  
W. D. Kirkendale be given credit  
for the amounts shown on L. I. D.  
16-B-5 pay role for 1912. Carried.

Moved by Councillor Haynes that  
the mill rate for 1915 be set at 5  
mills on the dollar and that the  
school rates be levied for the a-  
mounts shown on the requisitions  
received from the school boards.  
Carried.

Moved by Councillor Brown that  
the Council adjourn to meet at  
Westerdale, on July 24th. Carried.



King Hiram Lodge No. 21, A.F. & A.M.  
Meets every Tuesday evening on or be-  
fore full moon. A' visiting brethren  
welcome.

JOHN NIXON, H. E. OSMOND,  
Secretary. W. M.



DIDSBURY LODGE NO. 18, I.O.O.F.  
Meets in Oddfellows Hall, Didsbury, every  
Thursday evening at 8 o'clock sharp.  
Visiting Oddfellows always welcome.

J. SINCLAIR, N. G. S. R. WOOD, Sec.

W. A. Austin  
Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public

Special Attention paid to collections—  
Office: Over Union Bank of Canada  
Block.

Didsbury . . . Alberta

Dr. A. J. Weart; M.D., C.M.  
Physician, Surgeon

Graduate Toronto University. Office and  
residence one block west of Union  
Bank.

Didsbury . . . Alberta

Dr. G. R. Ross, D.M.D., L.D.S.  
Dental Surgeon

Office on Hammond Street. Phone 120  
Didsbury . . . Alberta



W. C. GOODER  
Undertaker and Embalmer  
Didsbury Phone 101  
Olds, . . . Alberta



SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-  
WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sole head of a family, or any  
male over 18 years old, may home-  
stead a quarter section of available Do-  
minion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan  
or Alberta. Applicant must appear in  
person at the Dominion Lands Agency  
or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry  
by proxy may be made at any Dominion  
Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on  
certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon  
and cultivation of the land in each of  
three years. A homesteader may live  
within nine miles of his homestead on a  
farm of at least 80 acres, on certain con-  
ditions. A habitable house is required  
except where residence is performed in  
the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in  
good standing may pre-empt a quarter-  
section alongside his homestead. Price  
\$3 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each  
of three years after earning homestead  
patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation.  
Pre-emption patent may be obtained as  
soon as homestead patent, on certain  
conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his home-  
stead right may take a purchased home-  
stead in certain districts. Price \$3.00  
per acre. Duties—Must reside six  
months in each of three years, cultivate  
50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to  
reduction in case of rough, scrubby or  
stony land. Live stock may be substi-  
tuted for cultivation under certain con-  
ditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,  
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.  
N.B. — Unauthorized publication of  
this advertisement will not be paid for.  
—64388.

**Chamberlain's**  
COLIC, CHOLERA AND  
Diarrhoea Remedy

Every man of a family should keep  
this remedy in his home. Buy it  
now. It may save life. FARM, ETC.

### MARRIED

SWALM-REIST—At the home of the  
bride's parents, on Wednesday, July  
7th, 1915, Wesley Swalm to Miss  
Mabel Reist.

### BORN

BRUN—On Tuesday, July 13th, 1915,  
to Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Brun, of  
Westcott, a son.



## NEW RUPTURE CURE

**DON'T WEAR A TRUSS.**  
**RUPTURE**  
 Brooks' Appliance. New discovery. Wonderful. No obnoxious springs or pads. Automatic Air Cushions. Bands and draws the broken parts together as you would a broken limb. No salves. No plasters. No lies. Durable. Cheap. Sent on trial to prove it. Full information and booklet FREE. C. E. BROOKS, 2063 State St., Marshall, Mich.

### MOTHERS!

Don't fail to procure  
**MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP**  
 For Your Children While Teething  
 It soothes the Child, Softens the Gums, Allays the Pain, Disperses Wind Colic, and is the Best Remedy for Infantile Diarrhoea.  
 TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE

### CANCER

Tumors, Lupus cured without knife or pain. All work guaranteed. Cures at home. DR. WILLIAMS, Specialist of Cancer, 2905 University Ave. S. E., Minneapolis, Minn.

## KEEP THE MEN IN GOOD HUMOR

When Hubby "Lights Up" for his after-dinner smoke, be sure he has a match which will give him a steady light, first stroke—Ask your Grocer for

**EDDY'S  
"GOLDEN TIP"  
MATCHES**  
 One of their many Brands

### The New France

There is not the smallest doubt that the Kaiser hoped in 1914 to repeat the feat of 1870. He boasted at the outset, "In a fortnight, yes, in a fortnight my troops will be in Paris." He little understood the antagonist with whom he had to deal. It was not the France of 1870. At first, indeed, the French army, taken by surprise, outnumbered, ill-supplied with material and without heavy artillery, suffered, as the French general staff has frankly admitted, a series of severe defeats. But, if the French line bent under the terrific German blows, it never broke. If the army recoiled, it never uncovered the vitals of France. And in the dark hours when it seemed as though God's justice had vanished from earth and as if nothing could stem the murderous march of the Huns, the courage of the French people never quailed; their unity never was shaken—London Daily Mail.

**The Real Liver Pill—**A torpid liver means a disordered system, mental depression, lassitude and in the end, if care be not taken, a chronic state of debility. The very best medicine to arouse the liver to healthy action is **Parmelee's Vegetable Pills**. They are compounded of purely vegetable substances of careful selection and no other pills have their fine qualities. They do not gripe or pain and they are agreeable to the most sensitive stomach.

A good story is being told of a gentleman not unknown in musical circles. He is rather proud of his vocal abilities. Recently he attempted in public to render "The Owl." A friend afterwards remarked that the music was not suitable to his compass, and that he should get it in the key C. Our friend immediately marched off to a music shop and announced, "I want 'The Owl' in C."  
 "Very sorry," replied the salesman, "we have not got 'The Howling Sea,' but we can do you 'Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep.'"

**Minard's Liniment, Lumberman's Friend.**

### Treatment of Prisoners

In regard to its treatment of prisoners, as in some other matters, the German government has been establishing a record which will have to be looked into judicially when the war is over. Navy prisoners, captured at sea, it has none; for on occasions when its officers could have saved our sailors' lives they have preferred to let them drown. British prisoners captured in the fighting by land and British civilians interned in Germany have in some cases (as our government have stated that they know from first-hand evidence) been treated with horrible brutality; and in more numerous instances have been underfed, insufficiently clothed and overcrowded in cold, dark, ill-ventilated buildings.—London Chronicle.

"What is a sense of humor?"  
 "A sense of humor," replied Mr. Growcher, "is what makes you laugh at something that happens to somebody else which would make you mad if it happened to you."

W. N. U. 1936

## Attracting Settlers

Huge Colonization Plan of the C.P.R.

Attended by Gratifying Results

An idea of the magnitude of the work done by the C.P.R. department of natural resources may be gained from the fact that, though it has only been in existence for two years, it has 4,000 employees on its books. The chief work in which it is engaged is the sale and colonization of the vast holdings of the company in the west, some 8,000,000 acres in amount, to be exact. A fundamental change was made two years ago by the company in the manner of the disposal of the lands belonging to the company. Heretofore, land was sold by the company without any restriction as to the use to which it was to be put. That is to say, the company sold large parcels to speculators, who held the lands for large profits to the thwarting of the very purpose the company had in view—namely, the settlement of the country—an object it has set itself from the beginning. The Canadian Pacific determined that no more land should be sold to speculators. All the unsold lands were withdrawn from sale for speculative purposes and the work of colonization. No land is sold by the company without an assurance of the intention of the purchaser to reside on and develop the land so purchased. This principle was so framed in order to attract to Western Canada the best kind of agricultural worker, whether from North America, Great Britain, or Northern Europe. The terms of payment were spread over 20 years. This is a generous provision, which has not been equalled in any other country in the world. It has attracted an admirable class—families not perhaps well off, but sturdy, ambitious to get on, and determined to own their own homes. The new department has been a great success, and is being prosecuted with vigor under the direction of Mr. J. S. Dennis, the head of it.

## WOMEN'S WEAKNESS AND HEALTH PERILS

Anaemia Comes so Gradually That the Victim Scarcely Realizes the Hold Until the Trouble Has Upon Her A'most in a Decline

Woman's work is more wearing than man's because it lasts almost every waking hour. There is no eight or nine hour day for the breadwinner's wife and often she toils under the greatest difficulty because her strength is below what it should be. The woman who is indoors all day is very often careless about what she eats and does not keep her blood up to the mark. It becomes thin and poor, which makes her weak, head-achy, tired, breathless and liable to pains in the back and sides, the scourge of her sex. New blood will do wonders for the woman who is tired out, who aches all over when she rises in the morning and feels unaccountably depressed. She can gain new blood now, and drive away the pains and aches and tiredness if she will take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They have worked marvels for other women and will do the same for you if you are weak, tired, depressed or suffering from backaches or side-aches. Mrs. Elmer C. Taylor, Calgary, Alta., says: "I was so run down with anaemia that I could scarcely walk without aid. I was not able to leave the house. I had no color, no appetite, and was constantly troubled with headaches, dizzy spells and a general disinclination to move about or do anything. My friends did not think I would get better, and even the doctor was apprehensive. I was constantly taking medicine, but it did not do me a particle of good. One day a friend asked if I had tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I decided to do so almost as a forlorn hope. After I had used a few boxes there was a decided change for the better, and people began to ask what I was taking, the change was so noticeable. As I continued the Pills my color came back, I could eat my meals regularly, the headaches and dizzy spells ceased, I gained in weight and took a new interest in life, my cure being complete. I have told many sickly women and girls what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did for me and urged them to take them and shall continue to do so, knowing what a splendid medicine they are."

Every weak and ailing woman who will follow Mrs. Taylor's example and give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial will find new health and strength through their use. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

There was a small party in the commercial room of the Red Lion discussing the merits of several public men. "I tell ye," said Mr. Sandy McNab, "all great men are Scots. It has always been so, and ever will be—there!" A little man in the corner suggested that Shakespeare wasn't a Scotsman. Mr. McNab glowered at him. "It's all very well, my man, saying that Shakespeare was no Scot, but, judging from his great abilities, I should say there is a strong suspicion he came from Scottish ancestors."

Many a man charges his misdeeds up to his ancestors.

**GILLETT'S LYE**  
 CLEANS AND DISINFECTS  
 THIS LYE IS ABSOLUTELY PURE, THEREFORE TOTALLY DIFFERENT FROM THE IMPURE AND HIGHLY ADULTERATED LYES NOW SOLD.

## About Gasoline

The Mistaken Opinion, Generally Prevalent, That High Gravity Gasoline is the Most Efficient

The following are some extracts from a series of articles entitled "Gasoline: Some Aspects Of It," which was published in "Motor Age," during November, 1911:

"It is difficult to approach the subject of gasoline without having to deal with gravity. The first question a motorist asks after he has his tank filled is, 'What gravity?'"

"Car owners have, time without end, asked for 70 or 75 gasoline and yet did not know what they were asking about. Ignorance in this matter has been exhibited time and time again in track and road races. One concern would not use anything but 85 gravity gasoline because they claimed it was quicker and more powerful—hence the car would make better speed. In the same meet, another concern would not use anything but 55 gravity on the ground that it gave more power and was faster. Here were the two opposites. In the race, it happened that the car with the 55 beat the car with the 85. The race proved one thing—that the 55 had more power in it, gallon for gallon, than the 85."

"Gravity simply means weight. There are two scales in common use: Specific and Beaume. These scales simply tell us the relative weight of a liquid compared with water. In the Beaume scale, water is taken at an arbitrary point, being 10. A liquid weighing less than water is expressed by figures higher than 10. It will be seen that a liquid that is 50 degrees Beaume is lighter than water, but heavier than a liquid that is 70 degrees Beaume. In other words, the higher the numerals, the lighter the liquid; the lower the numerals, the heavier the liquid. When we buy a gallon of 70 gravity gasoline, we know we get fewer pounds than when we buy 60 gravity, and as we always buy by the gallon and not by the pound, it would seem we get more for our money by buying the lower gravity gasoline."

"The thing that puzzled us most about gravity was the fact that it never seemed to stay 'put.' When we tested it in one section of the country, we obtained a different result from that secured in another section. For instance—working with gasoline in the Atlantic coast states, we reached the conclusion that we must have a gasoline of about 66 gravity. When we got lower than this, we found difficulty in starting a car, and when we got a higher test gasoline we did not get the power, and so if we had stopped here, we would have unhesitatingly said 'Use gasoline as near 66 gravity as you can get.' But to our surprise when we got into Ohio and experimented with gasoline made from Lima crude, we found that 62 gravity gave the best results. Working farther west, with gasoline made from Kansas and Oklahoma crude, another surprise met us. Fifty-eight to 60 gravity gasoline showed up best in every test. Texas and California crude proved most satisfactory at about 56 gravity. But we must confess we were surprised when we tested a gasoline that was purported to be made from Borneo crude which had a gravity of 42 degrees. This gave excellent results."

"What did this all mean? It seemed to tell us plainly and unmistakably that gravity was not a true standard. It established the fact that the gravity of gasoline is always heavier or lighter, corresponding to the crude from which it is produced."

"If gravity is not a true test, what is? We found ourselves asking the question long before we had progressed this far in our investigation. It seemed to us that the refiners must have some method of ascertaining whether or not a gasoline will meet certain requirements. There must be some reason why 58 gravity Kansas gasoline performs the same as the 66 gravity Pennsylvania."

"As a matter of fact, gasoline is known to the refiner simply as a member of the naphtha family. The refiner knows and distinguishes each member of this family, not by gravity, but by boiling points. He knows it would be impossible to make his goods uniform by using the fleeting standard of gravity, but knowing the boiling points, he can depend upon the quality of the goods. It is not difficult to understand what boiling point means. It is the point on a Fahrenheit thermometer at which a liquid will begin to boil."

"The refiner distills a given quantity of gasoline and while it is in the process of distillation, ascertains at what point each 10% will boil, until the entire quantity is evaporated or distilled. In this manner, he determines what is known as the initial boiling point, as well as the maximum boiling point and all intervening boiling points."

"Our interest centres more particularly in gasoline best adapted to motor use. What have boiling points to do with this? Everything. We want an engine to start quickly. Low initial boiling points tell the story. It evaporates or volatilizes quickly in cold weather and starts quickly. It is possible to produce from some crude oil, gasoline having as low boiling points and much lower gravity than is produced from other crudes. High gravity does not necessarily mean low initial boiling points, and unless we have low initial boiling points, there will be trouble in starting a car no matter how high the gravity is. So that for easy starting, a certain percentage of low boiling points is absolutely essential. Given this percentage, it is just as essential that the other fractions show gradually rising and higher boiling points."

"These statements in 'Motor Age' show conclusively that gravity is not a true test of quality in motor fuel."

Heat units determine the power in a gallon of gasoline. The higher the gravity the less heat units contained therein per gallon."

Hence high gravity gasoline means fewer miles per gallon. If motorists generally appreciated this elementary fact of physics, there would be less demand for high gravity and more emphasis on low initial boiling point, which is what the man who drives a car is really concerned about. High gravity gasoline has been demanded because high gravity has erroneously become associated with rapid vaporization and freedom from starting troubles. As a matter of fact, what really determines quick starting is the boiling point of the gasoline, not its gravity."

One consequence of the fallacious insistence on high gravity gasoline has been the marketing of mixtures and blends which are anything but desirable from the motorists' point of view. A very high gravity gasoline, generally produced by condensing gas under pressure is mixed with a heavier product in order that the average gravity may conform to the public demand for high gravity gasoline. The difficulty with this is that the two gravities separate out in the tank. The lighter fraction passes on first, leaving a heavy residue which makes trouble in starting and is responsible for a great deal of the carbonization so often complained of."

The first requisite of a motor fuel is that it be a homogeneous, straight distilled product. By straight distilled is meant the gasoline which is obtained by a straight cut of one fraction of the crude during the refining process."

## Say They are The Very Best

MR. J. A. HILL TELLS WHAT DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS DID FOR HIM

He Suffered For Four Months From Kidney Trouble, But Found Quick Relief When He Used Dodd's Kidney Pills

Sixty-Nine Corners, Ont.—(Special).—"I know that Dodd's Kidney Pills are the very best of medicines." Such is the statement made by Mr. J. A. Hill, a well known resident of this place.

"I was sick for six months," Mr. Hill continues. "My troubles started from a cold that seemed to settle in my back. My joints were stiff and I had cramps in my muscles, my appetite was fitful and I was heavy and sleepy after meals. I had a bitter taste in my mouth and I was always tired and nervous."

"I used four boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and the great benefit they did me is what makes me say, 'They are the best of medicines.'"

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys, and Mr. Hill's symptoms are the symptoms of kidney disease, consequently he found quick relief in Dodd's Kidney Pills. They always cure kidney disease.

Magistrate—Everybody says the man drowned himself, but you insist it was an accident. What are your reasons?

Pat—Sure and they found a bottle of whiskey in his pocket, and if he'd drowned himself on purpose he'd have drunk that first.

The cheapness of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator puts it within reach of all, and it can be got at any druggist's.

Elsie—When Betty married old Moneybags she gave her age as 25. She's older than that.

Flo—Oh, I suppose she allowed one-third off for cash.

Patrice—Is there anything as bad as being all dressed up and nowhere to go?

Penelope—Yes; fixing for company and having nobody call.

## When A Woman Wants

her summer Dresses—her "frilly things"—her fine linens—to look their whitest and daintiest—she is very particular to use

## Silver Gloss LAUNDRY STARCH

It gives that delightfully satin finish. : :

YOUR GROCER HAS IT

The Canada Starch Co. Limited, Montreal

## Corns Drop Out

Instant Relief  
 Paint on Putnam's Extractor tonight, and corns feel better in the morning. Magical the way "Putnam's" eases the pain, destroys the roots, kills a corn for all time. No pain. Cure guaranteed. Get a 25c bottle of Putnam's Extractor today.

## FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

If you feel "out of sorts," "run down," "not the blues," suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weakness, skin eruptions, piles, write for FREE CLOTH SOUND MEDICAL BOOK OF THESE NEW FRENCH CURE. No risk, no cost. The book is yours if you send for it. It is the only one of its kind. Absolutely FREE. No follow up circulars. No obligation. DR. LECHE, MED. CO., HAVERTOCK RD., HAMPSHIRE, ENGLAND. WE WANT TO PROVE THERAPION WILL CURE YOU.

## Good Roads

Road Improvement Should be Considered a Business Proposition

When it takes four horses to pull an empty wagon to town and wheat is going off in price each day; when the mail carrier gives up in despair, and the children cannot get to school, the farmer cannot help wondering how much this condition is costing him each day.

Figure as he may, he cannot get away from the fact that good roads are indispensable to agricultural prosperity.

The city dweller is alike concerned. The farm on a good road has scores of possibilities for the development of its resources to every one open to the farm on a poor road. Increased profits mean increased expenditures—greater buying powers.

In the early days of poverty many a county bonded itself for hundreds of thousands of dollars to secure railroads to promote agricultural development. Three-fourths of all the freight the railroads haul must sooner or later move over the public highways, and every ton so moved is costing at an average rate of 23 cents per mile.

Verily, road improvement is a business proposition—a matter of dollars and cents.—Dry Farming.

**Rub it in for Lame Back.**—A brisk rubbing with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will cure lame back. The skin will immediately absorb the oil and it will penetrate the tissues and bring speedy relief. Try it and be convinced. As the liniment sinks in the pain comes out and there are ample grounds for saying that its touch is magical, as it is.

"Where's old Four-Fingered Pete?" asked Alkali Ike, in the wild and woolly west. "I ain't seen him around since I got back."

"Pete?" said the bartender. "Oh, he went up to One Tree Gulch and got shot. He saw smoke comin' out of a hotel door, so he put his head in at the window and hollered 'Fire!' and everybody fired."

Had ship's anchor fall on my knee and leg, and knee swelled up and for six days I could not move it or get help. I then started to use MINARD'S LINIMENT and two bottles cured me.

PROSPER FERGUSON.

### The Self-Deluded

Young Doctor—What kind of patients do you find it hardest to cure?  
 Old Doctor—Those who have nothing the matter with them.

Teddy—He's a man possessed of great repose.  
 Molly—Then I don't see why he can't afford to give me a little rest.

# RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"



## VALIANT SONS OF THE DOMINION UPHOLD BEST BRITISH TRADITIONS

AN AMERICAN WRITER PAYS A FINE TRIBUTE

Will Irwin Tells of the Heroic Conduct of the Raw Canadian Troops, and of the Fortunes of War which Brought Them a Supreme Test of Valor

Writing in the New York Tribune from Northern France, Will Irwin, who has won an international reputation for his work in the present war, speaks of the heroism that has marked many incidents, and has this to say of the Canadians at Langemarck: "Finally, there are the Canadians. Since the affair which the United States calls the war of 1812, Canada has known no war, save minor engagements with red Indians and the war against nature. The rest has been peace and nation building and prosperity. Now, the Canadian contingent was scarcely upon the line before they behaved heroically at Hill 69. A fortnight later, while they still ranked as 'raw troops,' the fortunes of war brought them a supreme test of valor. The poisonous cloud of noxious gas had driven back the French to their left. Their line was 'dangling in the air.' They were bombarded in front, they were entailed, they were bombarded from the rear, they were shrouded in poison fumes. They held on, they even advanced; they did the impossible by rescuing their guns. And they stuck until ordered back to join up the new line.

With them, as with the others, no military decorations can possibly reward all the deeds of valor. There is the boy I saw going under the X-ray. His hands were in bags; they had been shot through. His leg was in a splint; the bone was shattered. He was going to be 'X-rayed,' however, that the surgeons might find exactly what had happened to a splintered skull. He managed to tell the attendants that he had received his 'crack on the head' last of all, and that machine gun fire at close range had hit it.

What a story underlies that statement! Shot in one hand—he kept on. Shot in the other—he kept on. His leg shattered—he kept on, until he fell unconscious from the 'crack on the head.'

Then there were the five men in a certain Canadian company—and the unrecorded rest of that company.

They had charged, they had won, they started to secure their position. Along came a surprisingly heavy counter-attack. But they held and held, until, when the recall sounded, only five men leaped up and ran back to the retired trenches—and two of them were wounded. Was Balaklava finer than this? Yet it is lost among the mighty deeds of this war.

The men who did all this were raw troops, judged by the old standards, and they came from a Dominion which has been at peace for a century. It is no good to say that they were 'backwoods men' and therefore accustomed to something resembling war. Some of them, it is true, were wheat farmers of the Saskatchewan, miners of the Klondike, or voyagers of the great rivers. Further, not a few were native-born citizens of the untamed western United States. But as many or more left desks in Montreal, Ottawa or Vancouver to go to war.

When war is forced upon a nation, as it has been forced upon the more civilized nations of western Europe, it is, of course, necessary to fight back. It is especially necessary in this case, if you believe in maintaining a blood-bought democracy. But let us be honest, even in the midst of the struggle. Peace has brought to Europe, not decadence, but such manly fibre as the world never knew before. Perhaps this has happened because the men of manly fibre have had a chance under peace to live and breed their kind. One suspects that just to live well in this complex, modern world—to be deaf to siren songs, to be calm in adversity to keep working, to endure bereavement and disappointment, to break untrodden ways through the wilderness of industry, commerce and science—that all this breeds enough of manly fibre.

After this war let no worshipper of the statement that peace breeds degeneracy. It is not peace which does this, it is too much war.

### Shrapnel Making

War Orders Set Wheels in All Parts of Canada Moving

Shrapnel making has grown to be one of the great industries of Canada. War orders have set wheels in all parts of the Dominion turning on shell fabrication.

Within a short time every step in the process of shell making will be taken in Canada, from mining the copper, zinc and iron; the fabrication of the explosives and the shaping and assembling of the parts. Hundreds of workmen and almost two hundred establishments are already executing shrapnel orders. The only operation which Canada does not carry out at present is making brass for the cartridge cases. While the zinc and copper are mined in Canada they are not refined here; that being done in the United States. In the past it has been found convenient to sell zinc and copper matte to American refiners and buy back the pure copper and zinc, or the two combined with tin to form brass. There has been no brass making of consequence in Canada.

With the demand for shell brass reaching great proportions there has been an investigation into the possibility of having the copper and zinc refining and brass making carried out in this country. It is learned that the investigators have reported that the thing could be easily done though there might have to be the usual government assistance at the start. The refining operations are likely to be carried out in British Columbia where there are great deposits of copper and zinc ores and where coal and water powers are abundant.

The brass may be made there or elsewhere.

It is expected that a considerable amount of outside capital will come into Canada for investment in both this and the explosive industry.

### Weed Wisdom

Every Precaution is Necessary to Prevent the Spread of Weeds

When grain has many weeds in it be sure and grind it up before feeding it. When using manure that has come from stock that have been fed pure grain be sure it is well rotted before putting it on the land.

Never allow weeds on mature seeds. Cut those on the roadsides, headlands, in waste places and in the fence corners, as well as those in the fields.

Be constantly on the watch for the appearance of new weeds. Do not wait until a weed has become established before finding out what it is. It is a comparatively easy task to get rid of a few plants of Perennial Sow Thistle but a long, tedious and costly operation to clean a field which has become overrun by it.

Sow only pure seed. Impure seed is dear at any price. Pure seed is the purchaser's right by law, and he should insist on having it.

See that the separator is cleaned before being brought upon the farm. Burn the refuse from the separator.

## Range of Big Guns

Firing Over a Score of Miles Now an Accomplished Fact

The French estimate of the distance from which the Germans dropped shells in Dunkirk is 23½ miles. Fire at such a range has long been a topic of popular interest as a possibility. It is now a fact.

Traveling swifter than a rifle ball, a shot fired at such a range is nearly two minutes on its way. At 45 degrees elevation it rises more than two miles above the loftiest mountain, higher than man can mount in a balloon and live, before it begins to descend.

The fire that wrecked the Antwerp forts was delivered with much more accurate aim, almost vertical, at fairly short range. The great guns of warships cannot be elevated more than 15 degrees. This is one reason why the allies landed armies at the Dardanelles. Plunging fire from batteries at closer range should be more effective against Turkish forts than the big guns of the Queen Elizabeth. No warship could shell New York from a distance at sea equaling the range of land artillery.

It is hard to hit a small mark at half a mile, and harder to hit a big one at twenty miles. The Germans are probably satisfied, without having accomplished a military object, with the moral effect of their feat—and there is always a chance that a great shell may hit a vital spot. Our army experts say that a range of thirty miles is possible with present day ordnance. Thus Constantinople might be bombarded from the shore of the Black Sea, Trieste from Italian soil, Santa from Gibraltar, Sardinia from Corsica, Dover from Calais. This is why the German shots at Dunkirk were heard round the world.—New York World.

### Encourage Seed Growing

The Importance of Seed-Growing in Canada is Emphasized

In 1913-14, according to information gathered and supplied by Mr. George H. Clark, the Dominion seed commissioner, Canada imported from France and Germany no less than 990,743 pounds of beet and mangel seed; from Holland and France, 350,849 pounds of turnip seed, and from France alone 22,966 pounds of carrot seed. Radish, cabbage, cauliflower, celery and parsley seed were also imported in large quantities, mainly from France. While it is thought there was nearly sufficient of these seeds on hand to meet the requirements for this year, these channels being closed, for 1915 there will plainly be a dearth.

The foregoing important facts are duly set down in Bulletin No. 22, of the Second Series of the Central Experimental Farm, of which M. O. Malte, Ph.D., Dominion agronomist, and W. T. Macoun, Dominion horticulturist, are the authors. "Canada," the Bulletin very emphatically says, "should make herself independent of foreign markets, and produce at home what now has to be bought abroad. Canadian farmers should not only try to meet the emergency demand for field root seed in the immediate future, but should also try to establish a permanent seed-growing industry which would make them independent of any other countries." There will assuredly be a dissenting voice to this doctrine as a general principle and the Bulletin, which is being gratuitously distributed and can be had on application to the publications branch, department of agriculture, Ottawa, tells in detail how this desirable state of affairs can be brought about. Cases are given where successful effort has already been made, but the data regarding the matter, it would seem, is not quite as available as could be wished. What is definitely known is that quantities of seed are brought in from abroad, much of which it is believed could, with the requisite care, be produced in Canada and of a character as good and high.

General principles for successful seed-growing, of selection, etc., are laid down in the Bulletin, which also details methods that could profitably be adopted for planting, threshing and cleaning of many species of field roots. A list that is given of the best varieties of vegetables for stock seed is of good practical value. Farmers and gardeners are also reminded that as an inducement to the growing of field roots and garden seeds in Canada the Dominion government is willing to aid seed-growers by cash subsidies, particulars of which can be obtained from the seed branch, department of agriculture, Ottawa. "It should be added that as the purpose is to encourage the growing of selected seed, only bona fide growers of such seed are eligible to receive the subsidies."

### Should Consume Less Meat

British Board of Trade Calls Attention of Public to the Fact

The British board of trade calls the attention of the public to the great importance of restricting the consumption of meat with a view to economizing national supplies and avoiding excessive increase in prices. This action was taken on the advice of the advisory committee of the national federation of meat traders, which has been investigating the recent big increase in retail price of nearly all meats.

This increase, the committee found, is due to the increased requirements of the British and French armies and the relative shortage of vessels equipped for conveyance of meat overseas. It decided that the only way to avoid a further advance in the price would be to reduce appreciably the demand by the civil population.

### Sacked

This isn't a clean knife, Jane, said the young mistress to the new servant.

Well, it ought to be, said the servant, for the last thing it cut was the soap.

## THE BRITISH WORKMAN AND SOME OF THE EFFECTS OF THE DRINK EVIL

WHY THE LIQUOR PROPOSALS WERE MODIFIED

Reason of the Limitation of Lloyd George's Drastic Liquor Proposals is Stated to be not Altogether on Account of the Organized Strength of the Trade

It is not the organized strength of the trade in England that has forced Lloyd George to so greatly modify his proposals for dealing with the liquor problem, but the settled habits of the British people themselves, and particularly of the working classes, who are most affected. It is true that the brewers, distillers and bottlers of the British Isles form a combination of tremendous strength, that they have members of parliament and in the house of lords, and that millions of people, directly or indirectly, depend upon them for employment and support. But if the average British workman had been in favor of the total closing down of public houses during the war they would have been closed down, no matter how loudly the trade might have protested, and no matter how active its agent might have made themselves in the house of parliament. Will Crooks and John Burns, both of them lifelong abstainers, spoke for the laboring classes when they told the government that total prohibition would not be tolerated; and when the Irish members protested it was plain that the government would do more harm than good by placing a prohibitive tax upon spirits.

While the British workman may properly be condemned for his fondness for drinking, he does not look at the matter in the same light as the Canadian workman. In this country it is safe to say that there is little, if any, of the sort of drinking on Saturday which leaves them incapacitated for work on Monday. There being no liquor sold on Sundays here the workers who have been over-indulging on Saturday might have a clear day in which to recover from the effects of their spree, unless that they have liquor in their homes, which the great proportion of them do not. In England, on the contrary, the public houses are open for a certain time on Sunday, and it is quite possible for a workman who has the necessary money to drink himself into such a state of intoxication that he is disinclined to go to work on Monday.

Speaking generally, too, the habits of the British workman are different from the workers on this continent. A writer in the Brooklyn Eagle says that the British workman, as a rule, does not feel the spur of ambition as keenly as does the American worker. He writes: "His father and grandfather have lived on \$4 a week, and their life is quite good enough for him and his sons. If he earns that sum in six days he rests on the seventh; if in two days he refuses to exert himself in the remaining. Higher wages mainly increase idleness."

### Britain's Many Wars

In Some Part of the World There is Always Work for British Arms

It has been said with some truth that for the British empire war never ceases. In some parts of the world there is always some business for British arms. If it is not an expedition against some of the restless hill tribes of Northern India it is an expedition to restrain the Mad Mullah in the Sudan, or an expedition out of Singapore to some of the Malay Islands, or from Sydney to the Papua Islands, or elsewhere. The responsibility of protecting the vast possessions of the Crown in the seven seas involves more or less constant offensive or punitive military measures. These occurrences being taken so much for granted, the public gives scarcely a thought to the fact that in addition to her great military or ganizing in Northwestern Europe, and the conducting of large operations in the Dardanelles, Britain is conducting no fewer than five separate campaigns in Africa, has repressed an insurrection by some Mohammedan tribes of Northern India, has destroyed a new force gathered by the Derwishes of the Sudan, has repressed a German-incited rising at Singapore, and on five continents is ready to defend colonies and dependencies large and small. In Africa General Botha is leading Union forces against German Southwest Africa. British Indian troops are being employed against German East Africa. The great bar to the Cape-to-Cairo railway that will make a new Africa. Togoland has been captured. It was taken by an expedition from the British Gold Coast colony within three weeks from the outbreak of war. The Cameroons are now being invaded by British and French forces. The German defenders of the Kaiser's African colonies have not hesitated to poison the wells along the routes of British advance, but even these tactics have not availed to prevent the steady onward march of the British soldier-colonizer. Only an imperial military organization of a completeness never known before to the world could enable Britain to guard interests in all parts of the globe so thoroughly.—Mail and Empire.

### A Sure Sign

Corporal—That new recruit used to be a clerk.

Sergeant—How do you know?

Corporal—Every time he stands at ease he tries to put his rifle behind his ear.

### Deaths that Mean Something

Lefty Purpose For Which the Highest Price is Not Too Much to Pay

The continued casualty lists of the Canadian regiments bring more clearly than any other war news the fearful cost of the fighting in Europe. These young men are no better than those of whom we in the United States had read before as being killed, wounded or missing in the battles, but they seem more real to us because they went from our side of the world and they are our kind of people. Some of them were so very recently eager, cheerful, ambitious youths just like our own boys and our next door neighbor's boys. Now they have sacrificed themselves and we feel how deeply must be the anguish in homes near us when the dreadful news comes over the cables.

It is pathetic, but it is more than pathetic. With the story of the new gaps in the Canadian ranks come also stories of fresh recruiting in Canada. Other boys are keenly intent on enlisting that they may follow where their companions have led. They are willing, glad even, to endure the miseries of trench life and to dare the fatal bullet.

Nor is there a note of regret to be heard from Canada over the deaths of the young men who are gone. That is significant. It means an exaltation of national spirit, a profound conviction that those who have died have died for something that makes their deaths worth while. There is a very lofty idea somewhere in this war or we should be reading outbursts of hot indignation from the parents and the friends of the dead young men.

Sometimes we people on this side of the boundary miss that fact about the war. We are too ready to denounce war generally and to condemn this war with all others as wanton and cruel and unnecessary. The people who are fighting it do not think so. They are imbued with the belief that there is something at stake for which the highest price is not too much to pay. It is not wanton waste of life in their eyes.—Detroit Free Press.

Every one in our family is some kind of animal," said Jimmie to the amazed preacher.

Why, you shouldn't say that, the good man exclaimed.

Well, said Jimmie, mother's a deer, the baby is mother's little lamb, I'm the kid and dad's the goat.



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**WHY?**

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SEEDS AND FEED OF ALL KINDS

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**Nyal Quality Store**

H. W. CHAMBERS, DRUGGIST, DIDSBURY, ALTA.

The children of the Westward  
Ho school, Miss Violet Hunsper-  
ger, teacher, gave a part of their  
prize money and took up a col-  
lection in aid of the Patriotic  
Fund at their picnic on June 30th.  
This represents some self-denial  
on their part because the young-  
sters generally like to get what  
prizes there are going at these  
picnics.

The Red Cross Society's depot  
will be open on Friday afternoon  
to receive work and also socks.  
Those whose given names begin  
with the first letter of the second  
six letters of the alphabet are  
called on this week for their do-  
nation of socks for the Red Cross.

The Didsbury Women's Insti-  
tute met at the home of Mrs. F.  
Moyle on Thursday last. Be-  
sides a large attendance of local  
members there were sixteen lad-  
ies from Crossfield present and  
the interesting programme for the  
afternoon was largely given by  
them. The programme was as  
follows: Instrumental, Miss Col-  
ling; vocal solo, Mrs. Laut; ad-  
dress, "Home Nursing," Mrs.  
Edwards; instrumental, violin,  
Miss Wicks; paper, "How to  
teach the truth to children," Mrs.  
Eubank, Didsbury; vocal solo,  
Mrs. Laut. Luncheon of sand-  
wiches, cake, coffee and ice  
cream was served.

## AROUND THE TOWN

Don't forget that **NEXT  
WEDNESDAY, JULY 21st**,  
is the date set for your de-  
cision on the Prohibition Act.  
It's your duty to come out  
and vote on that date. Don't  
stay at home because some-  
body does not come to fetch  
you—your vote for prohibi-  
tion will count one and it is  
needed.

Mrs. F. R. Bullis and daughter  
Jean spent the week end visiting  
friends in Calgary.

Miss Dolly Stark is attending  
summer school at the University  
of Alberta, Edmonton.

Mrs. Ray Dowdell and daugh-  
ter returned from their visit to  
the States on Sunday.

The camp meeting of the M.  
B. C. church is being well attend-  
ed, a large number of outside  
visitors being present.

A Temperance Progr a m m e  
and Social will be held at the  
Neapolis schoolhouse on Monday  
evening, July 19th, at 8.30 o'clock  
No admission.

Mr. and Mrs. Noah Weber and  
family of Waterloo, Ont., and  
Mrs. J. S. Baer of Blair Ont., are  
visiting with Mr. and Mrs. J. E.  
Stauffer.

The auction sale of farm stock  
belonging to Mrs. E. H. McAl-  
lister, advertised for Wednesday,  
July 14th, has been postponed on  
account of wet weather until  
Thursday, July 22nd.

The thunder and hail storm  
caused considerable damage to  
crops in this district on Monday  
afternoon. The storm came from  
the northwest and travelled  
southeast cutting down a lot of  
grain in its path.

An appeal is made to those who  
have any books or magazines  
that they have no further use for  
to send them to the soldiers at  
Sarcee camp, Calgary. If these  
books or magazines are left with  
Mr. H. W. Chambers, druggist,  
he will see that they are packed  
up and sent down.

On account of delay in receiv-  
ing coal the electric light plant  
has had to shut down earlier for  
a few nights. Coal that was or-  
dered some time ago has been  
held up because of the recent  
washouts but word has been re-  
ceived that the coal will be here  
any day now and the lights will  
again be run full time when it  
arrives.

The Didsbury Boy Scouts re-  
ceived their uniforms last week  
and were out in all their glory on  
Monday to attend the Westcott  
sports where they had a booth  
under the direction of Scout-  
master Sexsmith. The boys have  
purchased these uniforms entirely  
with money they have earned  
themselves.

Jack Bersht was successful in  
winning two prizes with his fine  
team at the recent Calgary fair.  
He won second for team and four-  
th for single driver in the carriage  
class. There were five entries in  
the team section and thirteen in  
the singles. There were some  
splendid specimens of horseflesh  
in these classes and Mr. Bersht  
is to be congratulated in winning  
these prizes against his competi-  
tors.

Billy Moon and Andy Metzger  
of Elkton had a narrow escape  
from drowning in the little Red  
Deer river a few days ago. They  
were driving over what they  
thought was an old ford but which  
proved to have been washed out  
by the recent high water, the  
consequence was that the strong  
current upset the wagon and hor-  
ses throwing Billy and Andy in-  
to the cold, cold water. Luckily  
they both managed to swim to  
safety without being seen by a  
submarine.

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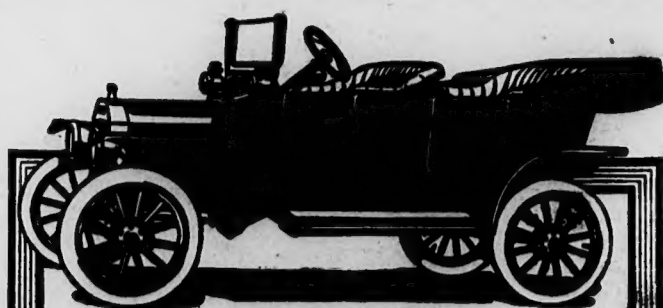
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" Pt. Arthur	Sun. 3 p.m.	Tue. 3 p.m.	Sat. 3 p.m.	Fri. 3 p.m.
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